

科学技術に関する国民意識調査 —熊本地震—

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要旨

災害をもたらす被害や意識への影響は個別の具体的な状況に応じており、科学技術政策では被災地域と被災地域以外の全国の両方の国民意識やその差を分析する必要がある。なぜならば、国としては大規模災害に幅広く備える必要があると考えられるためである。

そこで本稿では、大地震等の大規模災害発生直前後（熊本地震直前後の16年3月と5月のインターネット調査の同一回答者間の比較）の科学技術に対する意識変化の把握等を行った。

その結果、1) 熊本県や全国において地震など自然災害から生活を守る分野などへの期待が高まっていること、2) 被災地域では、事前予測研究や横断研究などは敬遠され、迅速性や安心感を与える即効的な対策が求められることなどが判明した。

Public Attitudes to Science and Technology Especially about Kumamoto Earthquake

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ABSTRACT

Since the damage each natural disaster brings and the influence to public attitude are different according to the concrete situation, it is necessary to analyze public attitude and the difference in both of a disaster area and the whole country. Because of the point of view from national government, it is necessary to prepare for a large-scale natural disaster widely.

So in this script, we conduct the comparison analysis; grasping the change of public attitude to science and technology in later just before the large-scale natural disaster occurrence such as a big earthquake (Comparison between the identical respondent of the internet investigation in March, 2016 and in May, 2016 in later just before Kumamoto Earthquake).

As the result, 1) in Kumamoto-prefecture and Japan as whole, it has been cleared that the expectation to the field which difences peoples' life from natural disasters such as earthquake was enhanced, and 2) it has been revealed that in the disastered area preliminary prediction research or crossing research were kept away, and the immediate effect-like measure to which rapidity and a sense of security are given was desired.