



Foresight activities in Finland: actors, relations, and impacts on policy-making

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Structure of the presentation

- Foresight in Finland: a background in brief
 - Actors
 - Policy context
 - Technology foresight
- Examples of Finnish multi-stakeholder foresight exercises
 - FinnSight (Academy of Finland and Tekes)
 - Welfare through sustainable growth (Finnish government)
- Towards a co-operative foresight approach in Finland
 - Reorganisation of national foresight in Finland
- Conclusions



SUOMEN SATA UUTTA

MAHDOLLISUUTTA: RADIKAALIT TEKNOLOGISET RATKAISUT



Foresight in Finland: a background in brief



Foresight is well established in Finland

- Parliament Committee for the Future established 1993 first permanent futures committee in the world
- **Government** national outlooks, foresight platforms
- Key support organisations for science, technology and innovation
 - Research outlooks (Academy of Finland)
 - Priorities for innovation programme funding (TEKES)
- Industry technology roadmapping, scenarios, etc.
- Industry federations foresight and roadmapping in clustering initiatives
- Universities and research centres (e.g. VTT) technology expertise and methodological support for foresight and technology roadmapping
- European and Nordic initiatives active international collaboration



Transnational contexts of Finnish foresight

 Foresight as a key component of the European Union's evidencebased policy during last twenty years or so

- FTA: Future-oriented Technology Analysis, conferences
- EU's Joint Research Centres (especially Brussels and Seville)
- European Social Fund's (ESF) national foresight exercises
- Foresight in EU's framework programmes
- Research project based on assignments of European Commission
- Networks of research organisations, for example ETEPS (European Techno-Economic Policy Support Network)

Finland has been an institutional forerunner in futures studies and foresight

- The Committee for the Future 1993; academic futures studies; varied foresight projects, workshops and forums in different ministries from 1990s
- Foresight is widely applied in state level and regional level policy-making
- In the last couple of years, futures studies has been set up as a academic discipline at the University of Turku, Finland



Consensus-oriented policy culture in the Nordic welfare states

- Despite differences in economy and practical politics, there is a common *policy culture* in Nordic countries
 - Aimed at democratic participation
 - Favours consensus-based decision-making
 - Generally positive attitudes towards application of new technologies

Integration of multiple stakeholders in the policy-making

- Political parties
- Industries and related institutions
- Research and development institutions
- Citizens

Nordic countries in the European context

- EU-level policies and research programmes (e.g. Horizon 2020) oriented towards 'forward-looking' approaches
- Foresight is embedded also in the context of 'grand challenges'

Nordic countries have multiple foresight actors and institutions, both governmental and private

15/05/2015

Key foresight actors in Finland



	Foresight actors
Governmental	 Ministry of Employment and the Economy Ministry of Education Finnish National Board of education TEKES The Finnish Funding Agency for Technology and Innovation Academy of Finland SITRA The Finnish Innovation Fund Parliament of Finland, Committee for the Future Prime Minister's Office (PMO) ELY Centres (former TE Centres)
Research organisations	 VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland Ltd Systems Analysis Laboratory / Aalto University Finland Futures Research Centre / University of Turku IAMSR / Åbo Academy University
Companies and other organisations	 Industrial federations Finnish Association of Graduate Engineers (TEK) Confederation of Finnish Industries Think tanks: Demos etc. Private consultancies: big multinationals and smaller local companies



- Objective: Identification of the most promising technologies, and the long term aim to make an panel-based interactive solution that could run in the web.
- Results: A list of 100 most promising technologies from the Finnish perspective:
 - A framework and criteria for assessing radical emerging technologies
 - Framework enables one to identify emerging technologies with different emphases and in different maturity levels.
- Impact: Project made for the Futures Committee of Finnish Parliament. The report got a lot of positive media attention.



PUBLICATION OF THE COMMITTEE FOR THE PUTURE 11/2014

Radical Technology Inquirer (RTI) for anticipation/ evaluation of technological breakthroughs



Linturi, Kuusi & Ahlqvist Report published in Autumn 2013 English version in 2014

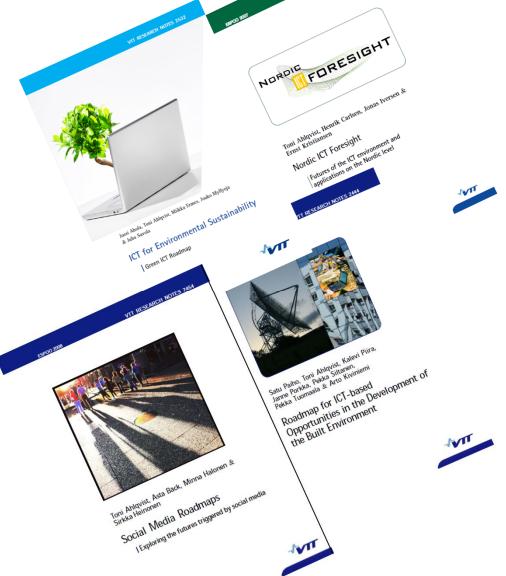


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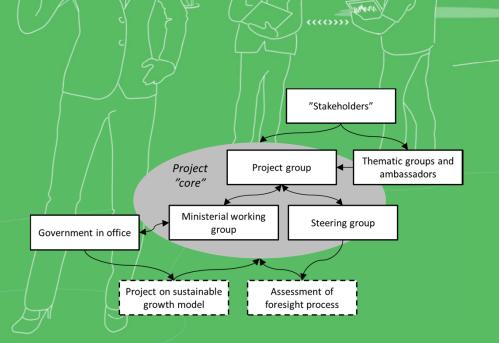
Examples of recent VTT technology roadmaps



- Smarctic Roadmaps to Arctic Opportunities. VTT & University of Oulu 2015.
- Cellulosic Value Chain Technology Roadmap for Government of South Australia. VTT 2013.
- Roadmap and Development Strategy for Victorian Government of Australia. VTT & ICS 2009.
- Green ICT Roadmap. VTT 2009.
- Roadmap of Ecomaterials. VTT 2009.
- Roadmap of Packaging. VTT 2009.
- Nutritech Roadmap on Intelligent Nutrition. VTT 2009.
- Service Science Roadmap. VTT 2009.
- Social Media Roadmap. VTT 2008.
- Roadmap of Digital Built Environment. VTT 2008.
- Roadmap of Building Services. VTT 2007.
- Transport System Technology Services. VTT 2007







Examples of Finnish multi-stakeholder foresight exercises

VTT

Case 1: Finnsight (2006)

- Foresight process of two Finnish science and research funding organizations
 - The Academy of Finland
 - Tekes The Finnish Funding Agency for Technology and Innovation

The key stakeholder groups participated the process

- Research sector, public sector, private sector
- Altogether some 130 experts

Foresight process was topically wide and based on panels

- Themes of the panels:
 - Learning and renewal of society through learning
 - Services and service innovations
 - Wellbeing and health
 - Environment and energy
 - Infrastructures and security
 - Bio-competencies and biosociety
 - Knowledge and communications
 - Understanding and human interaction
 - Materials
 - Global economy

The target year of FinnSight was 2015 – a time for review?

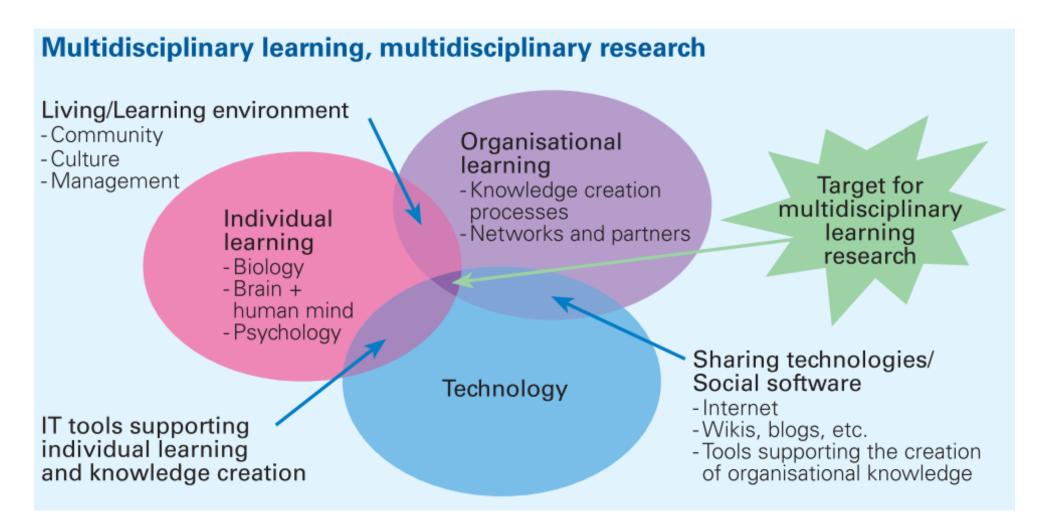
Panel	Examples of focal competence areas
1. Learning and learning society	 Neurological, cognitive, motivational and social basis of learning Practices of life-long learning, the education system and informal learning Civic skills and competences, life control and social Innovations
2. Services and service innovations	 Business competence in services Culture and adventure services Renewal of public services
3. Well-being and health	 Physical exercise and nutrition research Mental health and substance abuse research Home care and telecare technologies
4. Environment and energy	 Operation of ecosystems Water systems and water cleaning technologies Smart sensors and new energy conversion and storage technologies
5. Infrastructure and security	 Environmental know-how and technology Logistic know-how and security of supply management Integration know-how
6. Bio-expertise and bio-society	 Complete use of renewable natural resources Development of bioproduction Measurement methods and diagnostics Management and modelling of biological knowledge
7. Information and communications	 Sensor technology applications Data mining, analysis, management and retrieval Bio-information technology
8. Understanding and human interaction	 Multicultural competence Life-long learning and understanding Deep understanding of own culture
9. Materials	 Printed electronics Biomimetic materials Controlled synthesis of polymers
10. Global economy	 Assessment and management of global risks Impacts of business globalisation on national economies Management of innovation processes



FinnSight: examples of focal areas of competences identified by the panels

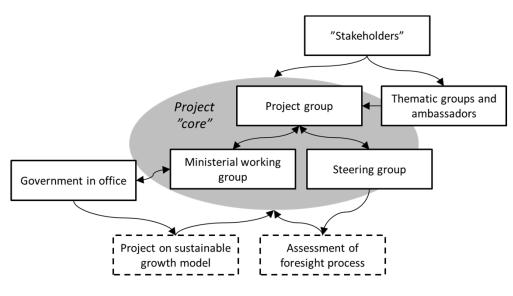


Convergence in learning and research in FinnSight

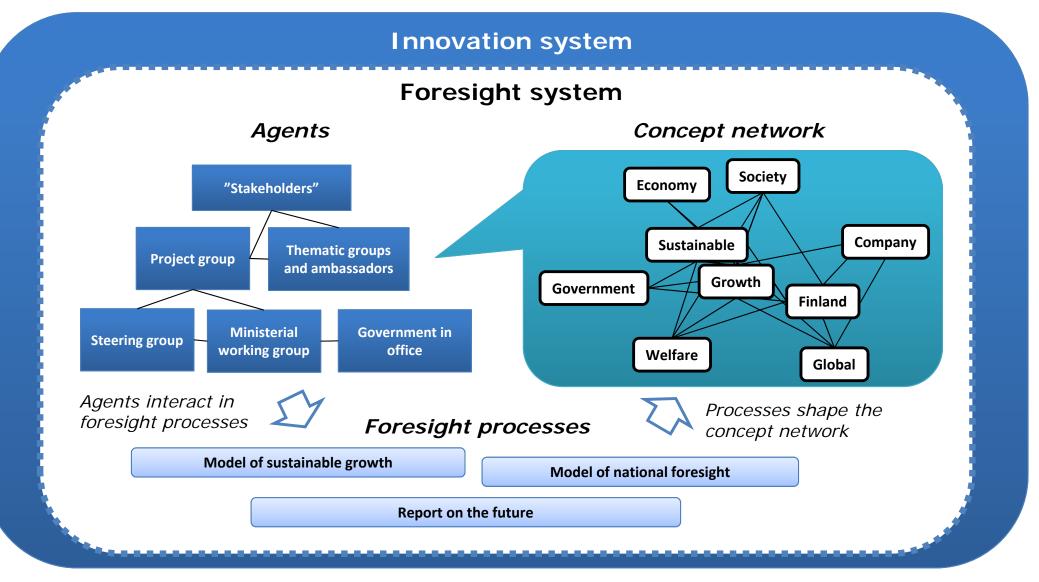


Case 2: Future report of Finnish government: **Welfare through sustainable growth' (2013)**

- Finnish Government's report on the future: 'Welfare through sustainable growth' (2013)
 - Published once during each parliamentary term
 - The aim is to ensure continuity on cross-cutting across parliamentary terms
- The 2013 report looks at the future of Finland to year 2030
 - Focus on sustainable growth and wellbeing
 - Aim was to generate new insights for the future
- The preparation of the report included new elements compared with the previous reports
 - A separate participatory foresight phase that applied multiple channels for participation
 - Surveys
 - Workshops
 - Invited expert groups
 - An online platform



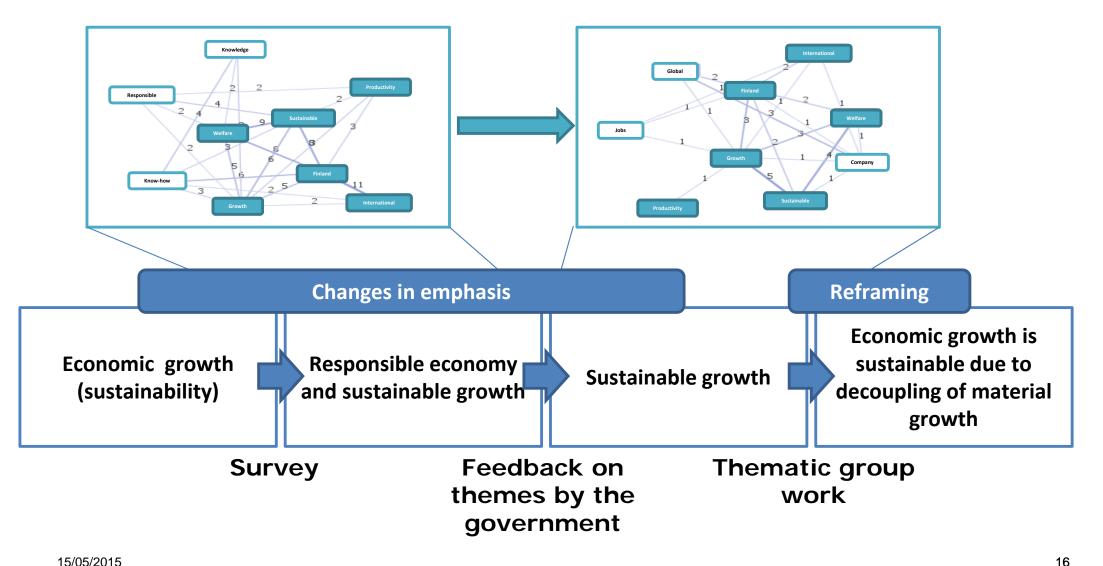
Conceptual framework for analysing the government's future report



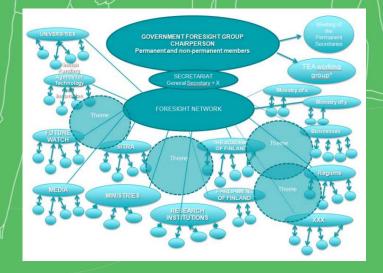
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Results: the transformation of the concept of 'growth'







Towards a co-operative foresight approach in Finland

Towards co-operative foresight -

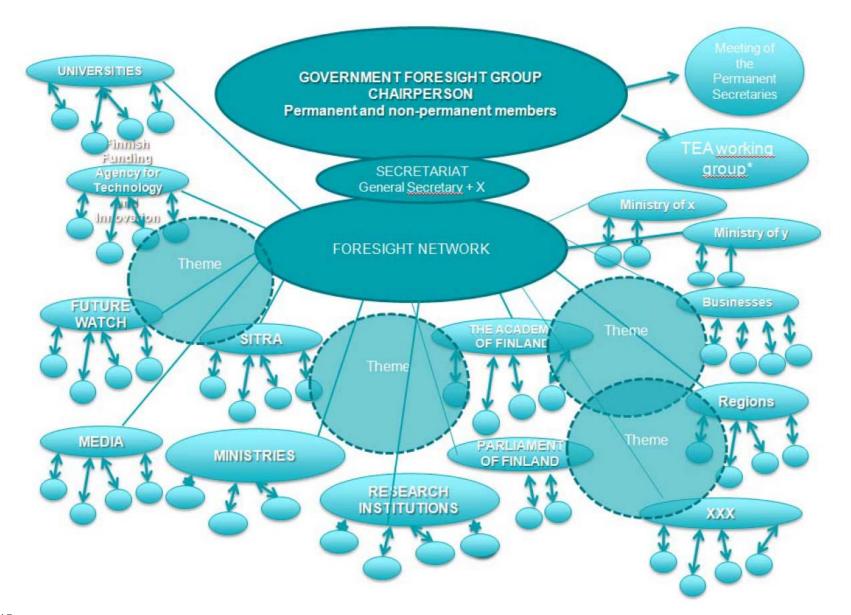
- New 'meta-actors' aimed at national coordination
 - The secretary at the Prime Minister's Office (PMO)
 - Coordination of the foresight cooperation
 - National Foresight Network (NFN)
 - Facilitated be the PMO and Sitra the Finnish Innovation Fund
 - Open network, now over 200 foresight experts
 - Government Foresight Group: Foresight Pilot
 - An expert group working under the auspices of PMO
 - The aim is to coordinate the use of foresight knowledge in the policy-making
 - Futures Committee, VTT, Finland Futures Research Centre, Sitra, Demos, universities, regional development organisations, Capful...

New foresight concepts and outputs

- Future pictures
 - Built by the NFN for the Finnish parliamentary election 2015
- Foresight Fridays
 - Information channels in the NFN
- **Future atlas**

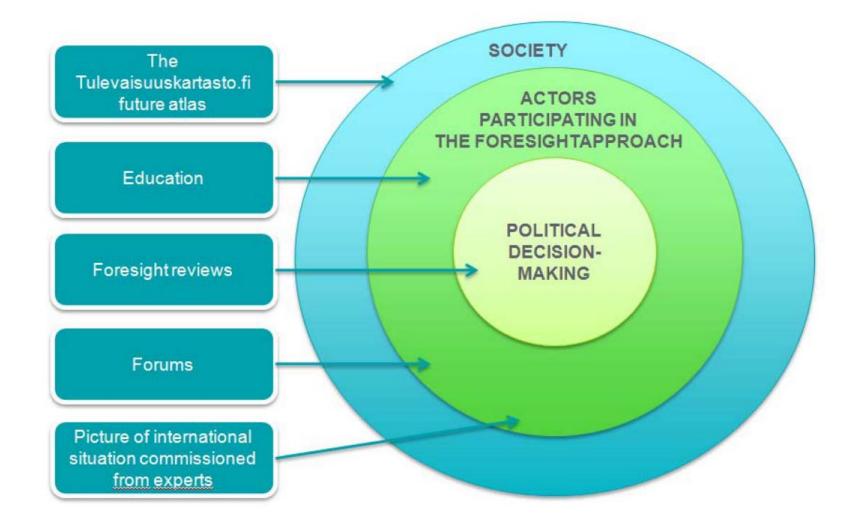
Actors in the emerging national co-operative foresight



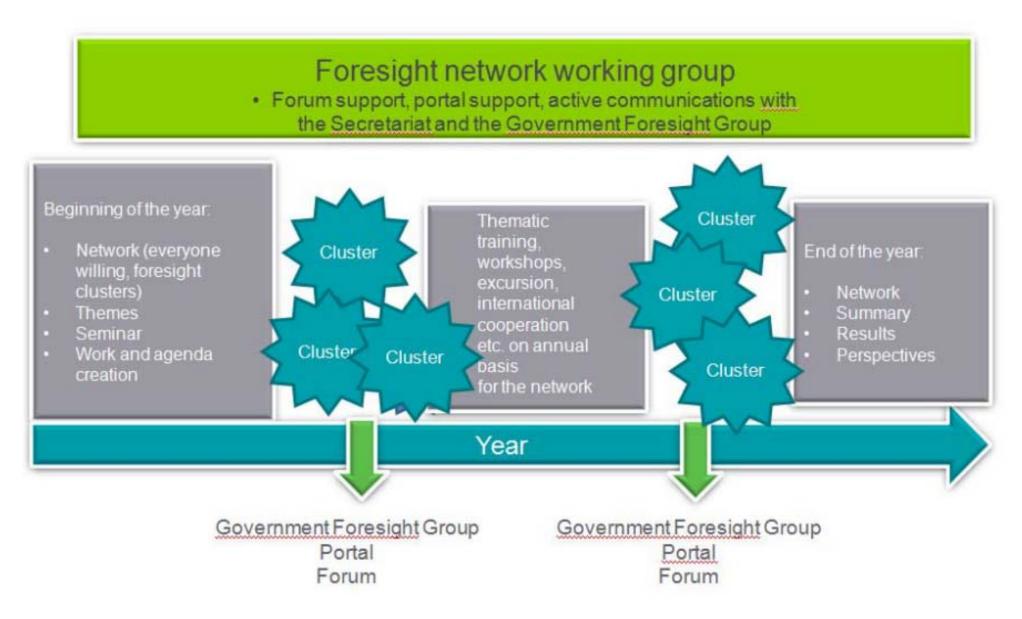


Knowledge production structure in the emerging national co-operative foresight





Operating model of the Foresight Network





Conclusions

- Foresight and forward looking orientation deeply entrenched in the Finnish national governance
 - Based on Nordic consensus-oriented policy culture
 - Multiple organisations aligned in the priority setting

The Finnish foresight is realised on multiple levels

- Wider multi-stakeholder processes
- More targeted industry-oriented processes
- Academic futures studies

The latest steps: towards a co-operative foresight approach

- Finnish government currently re-organising its foresight approach
- New 'meta-actors': National Foresight Network and Foresight Pilot group
- New foresight outputs: future pictures, futures atlas

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