6th International Conference on Foresight Mar 3, 2015

Session I: A review of foresight activities in the world



Foresight-related activities

Forecasting is an activity aimed to predict how the future will look like. Such predictions are normally based on two types of knowledge sources: judgemental and statistical.

Foresight is a systematic, participatory, prospective and policy-oriented process which, with the support of environmental/horizon scanning approaches, is aimed to actively engage key stakeholders into a wide range of activities anticipating, recommending and transforming technological, economic, environmental, political, social and ethical futures.

Horizon Scanning is a structured and continuous activity aimed to monitor, analyze and position "frontier issues" that are relevant for policy, research and strategic agendas. The types of issues include new/emerging: trends, policies, practices, stakeholders, services/products, technologies, behaviors/attitudes, "surprises" (wild cards) and "seeds of change" (weak signals).



Source: "FLA Mapping", European Foresight Platform (2012)

論点 / Issues

- Experiences of coordination between foresight and policy making
 これまでの科学技術予測と政策形成との関係性 はどのようなものであったのか?
- Future direction of foresight activity 今後の科学技術予測の方向性
 - Foresight Methodologies 予測手法
 - Reflecting results to policy 政策に反映させるため の手法
 - Accelerating social implementation 社会実装を加速するための方策



Session I: Speakers

- Foresight activities in UK and Russia
- 英国及びロシアにおける予測調査の歴史と概要の紹介
 - Dr. Ozcan Saritas (英国、マンチェスター大学/ロシア、HSE)
- Foresight activities in Germany
- ドイツにおける予測調査の歴史と概要の紹介
 - Dr. Kerstin Cuhls (ドイツ、フラウンホーファー システム技術・革新研究所 FhG-ISI
- Foresight activities in Finland
- フィンランドにおける予測調査の歴史と概要の紹介
 - Dr. Toni Ahlqvist (フィンランド、国立技術研究センター VTT)
- Foresight activities in EC
- 欧州おける予測調査の歴史と概要の紹介
 - Dr. Peter De Smedt (欧州委員会、共同研究センター JRC)

